Still feeling *urgency to go*, even after BPH (benign prostatic hyperplasia) treatment?

It may be overactive bladder (OAB).

SEE HOW GEMTESA CAN HELP YOU STRIKE AGAINST ALL 3 KEY SYMPTOMS* OF OAB



*Urgency, frequency, and leakage episodes.

WHAT IS GEMTESA?

GEMTESA is a prescription medicine used to treat the following symptoms due to a condition called overactive bladder (OAB) in adults, and in adult males taking medicine for benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH): leakage episodes, urgency, and frequency.

It is not known if GEMTESA is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Do not take GEMTESA if you are allergic to vibegron or any of the ingredients in GEMTESA.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.



OAB IMPACTS MORE PEOPLE THAN YOU THINK — YOU ARE NOT ALONE

Approximately

Americans is affected by bothersome OAB symptoms.

THAT'S ABOUT 33 MILLION PEOPLE.

OAB is a chronic condition, and symptoms of urgency, frequency, and leakage may worsen over time if not treated. While OAB cannot be cured, it can be managed.

WHAT OAB IS

You should ask your doctor about OAB if you experience one or more of these symptoms:



Feeling a sudden urge to urinate right away



Peeing more than 8x a day



Often having trouble "holding it" or leaking before you can make it to the bathroom

WHAT OAB IS NOT

- Something you always have to cope with on your own
- A condition that always requires surgery for treatment
- 🔀 Always treatable through lifestyle changes alone
- Something only women struggle with
- Just a normal part of aging

OAB IS COMMON FOR MEN. TALKING ABOUT IT ISN'T

Many men often overlook OAB symptoms hoping they will go away on their own.

Up to

75% † † † †

of men with BPH (a non-cancerous enlarged prostate) also have OAB symptoms, but these symptoms are sometimes overlooked because they might be similar to BPH.

What's the difference between OAB and BPH?



In OAB, nerve signals are telling the bladder to empty even when it isn't full — resulting in that "can't hold it in" feeling



In BPH, the enlarged prostate is pushing on the urethra, causing that "have to pee but can't get it out" feeling — resulting in just a dribble

It's important to ask your doctor to screen for both, as different medicines are used for each condition.

2

KNOW THE DIFFERENCE



OAB MAY FEEL LIKE A WATER VALVE OPENING UNEXPECTEDLY

OAB & BPH CAN BOTH CAUSE

BPH MAY FEEL LIKE A PARTIALLY CLOGGED PIPE THAT DRIBBLES WATER This is not a full list of all OAB and BPH symptoms. GEMTESA is indicated to treat the 3 key symptoms of OAB (leakage episodes, urgency, and frequency). OAB and BPH are different conditions and treated with different medicines.



- Urgency
- Frequency
- Leakage episodes



OAB symptoms that continue despite active treatment of BPH might signal a bladder issue in addition to your prostate.

JUST COPING WITH UNTREATED OAB SYMPTOMS MAY IMPACT MORE THAN YOUR BLADDER



Living with untreated OAB may mean having to adjust your lifestyle to cope with symptoms of urgency, frequency, and leakage episodes.

These are just a few ways men living with uncontrolled OAB may adjust their lifestyle to cope with symptoms:

Diet changes — cutting out certain foods/beverages

Wearing liners

Mapping restrooms

Carrying empty containers for times when they cannot find a bathroom quickly

Emptying bladder multiple times in a short time frame

Bringing extra clothes

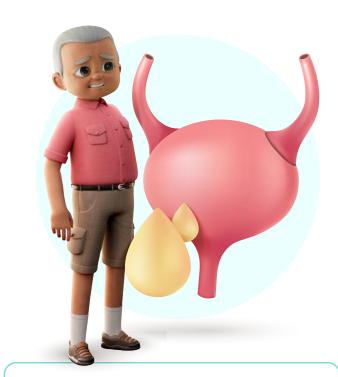
Limiting liquids

> Planning trips around bathroom availability

Treating BPH alone may not be enough

Your doctor may offer a medicine that specifically targets your bladder along with your BPH treatment. There are 2 main types of prescription treatments available for treating OAB symptoms:

- Beta $_3$ -agonists (β_3 -agonists), which work to lessen OAB symptoms by helping the bladder muscle relax so it can hold more urine
- Anticholinergics (AChs), which work to lessen OAB symptoms by helping to stop involuntary bladder contractions (the bladder squeezing itself without your control)



Why cope longer than you may have to?
There's an OAB treatment option that may help.

6

GEMTESA MAY HELP YOU SCORE OAB SYMPTOM RELIEF

CONVENIENT DOSING

A once-daily treatment for OAB in men receiving BPH treatment



RESULTS

GEMTESA is FDA approved to treat OAB in men being treated for BPH who experience:

- unusually strong urges to urinate
- frequent urination (8 or more times per day)
- urges so strong that they could be followed by incontinence



SAFETY PROFILE

No significant impact on BP (blood pressure)

 No clinically significant changes to hypertension or increased BP vs placebo*



*In a clinical study of men and women, people taking GEMTESA and those taking placebo had similar rates of hypertension (1.7% [9 out of 545 people] vs 1.7% [9 out of 540 people], respectively) and increased blood pressure (0.7% [4 out of 545 people] vs 0.9% [5 out of 540 people], respectively).

In a study of OAB in men being treated for benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH), rates of hypertension were 9.0% with GEMTESA (50 of 553 people) vs 8.3% with placebo (46 of 551 people).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Before you take GEMTESA, tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you have liver problems; have kidney problems; have trouble emptying your bladder



Talk to your doctor about GEMTESA — an FDA-approved treatment for OAB symptoms that you can take with your BPH medication

or you have a weak urine stream; take medicines that contain digoxin; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant (it is not known if GEMTESA will harm your unborn baby; talk to your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant); are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed (it is not known if GEMTESA passes into your breast milk; talk to your doctor about the best way to feed your baby if you take GEMTESA).

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.



GEMTESA HAS BEEN PROVEN TO HELP REDUCE OAB SYMPTOMS (LEAKAGE, URGENCY, AND FREQUENCY) IN MEN BEING TREATED FOR BPH

In a clinical trial, most men with BPH taking GEMTESA saw significant reduction in all OAB symptoms at 12 weeks of consistent use as prescribed.

..... AT 12 WEEKS

Stay on the go, with less urgency to go



VS



fewer bathroom visits with "urge to go" feelings

Men with BPH taking GEMTESA had nearly 3 (-2.88) fewer bathroom visits with "urge to go" feelings on average compared with about 2 (-1.93) fewer visits for those taking placebo*

Fewer bathroom visits mean fewer daily interruptions



VS



fewer bathroom visits

Men with BPH taking GEMTESA had about 2 (-2.04) fewer bathroom visits per day on average compared with about 1 (-1.3) fewer visit per day for those taking placebo*

An OAB treatment that may help that "can't hold it in" feeling



VS



fewer daily leakage episodes

Men with BPH taking GEMTESA had about 2 (-2.19) fewer daily leakage episodes on average compared with about 1 (-1.39) fewer episode for those taking placebo[†]

*146 people received GEMTESA and 151 people received placebo.

†538 people received GEMTESA and 542 people received placebo.

Men taking GEMTESA had to go less often, had fewer "urge to go" bathroom visits, and had fewer leakage episodes



GEMTESA is proven to treat all 3 key OAB symptoms (urgency, frequency, and leakage episodes) in men taking medicine for BPH.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your doctor and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

What are the possible side effects of GEMTESA?

GEMTESA may cause serious side effects including:

inability to empty your bladder (urinary retention).
 GEMTESA may increase your chances of not being able to empty your bladder, especially if you have bladder outlet obstruction or take other medicines for treatment of overactive bladder. Tell your doctor right away if you are unable to empty your bladder.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.



GEMTESA HAS A PROVEN SAFETY PROFILE IN MEN WITH OAB BEING TREATED FOR BPH



There are a few important things to know about GEMTESA

In a clinical trial*:

- Fewer than 3% of people stopped taking GEMTESA because of side effects
- Hypertension occurred in 9.0% of those taking GEMTESA (50 out of 553 people) compared with 8.3% of those taking placebo (46 out of 551 people)
- Urinary tract infection occurred in 2.5% of those taking GEMTESA (14 out of 553 people) compared with 2.2% of those taking placebo (12 out of 551 people)

*The safety of GEMTESA was studied in a 24-week trial in male patients with OAB being treated for BPH.



The most common side effects of GEMTESA in clinical trials were headache, urinary tract infection, nasal congestion, sore throat or runny nose, diarrhea, nausea, and upper respiratory tract infection.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

What are the possible side effects of GEMTESA? (CONT'D)

 angioedema. GEMTESA may cause an allergic reaction with swelling of the lips, face, tongue, or throat, with or without difficulty breathing and may be life-threatening. Stop using GEMTESA and get emergency medical help right away if you have symptoms of angioedema or trouble breathing. You don't need to worry about GEMTESA interfering with your BPH medication — you can take both at the same time without the drugs interacting.

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements, or if you take medications that contain digoxin.



Tablets shown are not actual size and are for illustrative purposes only. Visual does not represent a single patient's regimen.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.



>97%

According to a 24-week trial, more than 97% of people taking GEMTESA were able to continue on treatment with manageable or no side effects



GEMTESA has a proven safety profile at 24 weeks of continued use in men taking medicine for BPH



In a clinical study, safety and efficacy were demonstrated for up to 52 weeks in people with symptoms of OAB

Once you begin seeing results with GEMTESA, it's important to continue taking your medication daily to manage OAB symptoms.

REMEMBER: OAB is chronic and doesn't go away, but it may be managed as long as you have a treatment plan.

For long-term results, keep going. It may be tempting to stop taking GEMTESA if your symptoms improve, but talk to your doctor before making any changes to your treatment plan.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The most common side effects of GEMTESA include headache, urinary tract infection, nasal congestion, sore throat or runny nose, diarrhea, nausea and upper respiratory tract infection. These are not all the possible side effects of GEMTESA. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

SPEAK UP FOR YOURSELF AND YOUR BLADDER!

If you're experiencing OAB symptoms, it may be time for treatment. Use these questions to start a discussion with your doctor to find out if GEMTESA is right for you:



Will GEMTESA work well with other medicines I'm taking?



Is GEMTESA proven to reduce urgency?



How does GEMTESA differ from other OAB treatments?



How often do I need to take GEMTESA?



What side effects can I expect?



When may I begin to see results after starting GEMTESA?

GIME TO GO®

See how real people taking GEMTESA went from just coping to managing OAB



Visit TimeToGo.com

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.



THE ROAD TO RELIEF MAY BE SMOOTHER WITH GEMTESA PATIENT SUPPORT (GPS)

If you've already received a prescription or sample of GEMTESA from your doctor, visit StartGEMTESA.com for these resources and more to get going:



- · Information about coverage and potential savings
- Resources to help you talk to your doctor, stay on track with treatment, and prepare for your follow-up appointment
- Refill reminders
- · Real stories from others living with OAB
- · Live support through the call center

Learn more about potential savings and support



IMPORTANT PRODUCT INFORMATION

What is GEMTESA?

GEMTESA is a prescription medicine used to treat the following symptoms due to a condition called overactive bladder (OAB) in adults, and in adult males taking medicine for benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH): leakage episodes, urgency, and frequency. It is not known if GEMTESA is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Do not take GEMTESA if you are allergic to vibegron or any of the ingredients in GEMTESA.

Before you take GEMTESA, tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you have liver problems; have kidney problems; have trouble emptying your bladder or you have a weak urine stream; take medicines that contain digoxin; are pregnant or plan to become pregnant (it is not known if GEMTESA will harm your unborn baby; talk to your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant); are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed (it is not known if GEMTESA passes into your breast milk; talk to your doctor about the best way to feed your baby if you take GEMTESA).

Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your doctor and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

What are the possible side effects of GEMTESA?

GEMTESA may cause serious side effects including:

- inability to empty your bladder (urinary retention). GEMTESA
 may increase your chances of not being able to empty your
 bladder, especially if you have bladder outlet obstruction or
 take other medicines for treatment of overactive bladder. Tell
 your doctor right away if you are unable to empty your bladder.
- angioedema. GEMTESA may cause an allergic reaction with swelling of the lips, face, tongue, or throat, with or without difficulty breathing and may be life-threatening. Stop using GEMTESA and get emergency medical help right away if you have symptoms of angioedema or trouble breathing.

The most common side effects of GEMTESA include headache, urinary tract infection, nasal congestion, sore throat or runny nose, diarrhea, nausea and upper respiratory tract infection. These are not all the possible side effects of GEMTESA. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see Patient Information about GEMTESA here.

16 17

DISCOVER SAVINGS AND SUPPORT

FOR COMMERCIALLY INSURED PATIENTS,
YOU MAY PAY AS LITTLE AS



90-DAY

SUPPLY IF*:

- You have commercial insurance
- GEMTESA is covered by your plan





YOU MAY PAY AS LITTLE AS \$10 FOR EVERY 30-DAY SUPPLY*

If you have commercial insurance (government plans like Medicare or Medicaid are not eligible) and GEMTESA is not covered by your plan, you may pay as little as \$95* for every 30-day supply.

For questions about this program, please call: 1-833-876-8268.

Visit **GEMTESAsave.com** to see if you're eligible.

*Restrictions and maximum saving limits apply. Coverage and out-of-pocket costs may vary. Offer not valid for patients participating in Medicare, Medicaid, or other government healthcare programs. See full program terms, conditions, and eligibility criteria at GEMTESA.com/card.



Sign up today using your preferred method:

Text "GEMTESA" to 436872 OR Visit GEMTESA.com/card

Message and data rates may apply. Up to 15 messages per month after initial sign-up communications. Text STOP to unsubscribe at any time.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Do not take GEMTESA if you are allergic to vibegron or any of the ingredients in GEMTESA.

Please see inside for Important Safety Information and Patient Information about GEMTESA here.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This is a summary of information about GEMTESA. This does not take the place of talking with your doctor about your medical condition or treatment.

(gem-tes-ah)

What is GEMTESA?

GEMTESA is a prescription medicine that can be used to treat the following symptoms of overactive bladder in adults, and in adult males taking medicine for benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH):

- **urge urinary incontinence:** a strong need to urinate with leaking or wetting accidents
- urgency: the need to urinate right away
- frequency: urinating often

It is not known if GEMTESA is safe and effective in children.

Who should not take GEMTESA?

- Do not take GEMTESA if you are allergic to vibegron or any of the ingredients in GEMTESA
 - Active ingredient: vibegron
 - Inactive ingredients: croscarmellose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose, magnesium stearate, mannitol, and microcrystalline cellulose.
 The light green film coating contains FD&C Blue
 No. 2 - aluminum lake, hypromellose, iron oxide yellow, lactose monohydrate, titanium dioxide, and triacetin

What should I tell my doctor before taking GEMTESA?

Before you take GEMTESA, tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have liver problems
- have kidney problems
- have trouble emptying your bladder or you have a weak urine stream
- take medicines that contain digoxin
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known
 if GEMTESA will harm your unborn baby. Talk to your
 doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known
 if GEMTESA passes into your breast milk. Talk to your doctor
 about the best way to feed your baby if you take GEMTESA



Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

What are the possible side effects of GEMTESA?

GEMTESA may cause serious side effects, including:

- inability to empty your bladder (urinary retention).
 GEMTESA may increase your chances of not being able to empty your bladder, especially if you have bladder outlet obstruction or take other medicines for treatment of overactive bladder. Tell your doctor right away if you are unable to empty your bladder
- angioedema. GEMTESA may cause an allergic reaction with swelling of the lips, face, tongue, or throat, with or without difficulty breathing and may be life-threatening. Stop using GEMTESA and get emergency medical help right away if you have symptoms of angioedema or trouble breathing

The most common side effects of GEMTESA include:

- headache
- urinary tract infection
- nasal congestion, sore throat or runny nose
- diarrhea
- nausea
- upper respiratory tract infection



These are not all the possible side effects of GEMTESA. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

Is there any other important information I should know?

- This is only a summary of the important information about GEMTESA. To learn more, talk with your healthcare provider or pharmacist
- The FDA-approved product labeling can be found at GEMTESA.com
- You may also report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088

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